NOVA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION Articles of Incorporation

Chapter 1 General

- Article 1: The Company is organized under the terms of the Company Act and its name shall be 朋 億股份有限公司 in the Chinese language, and NOVA TECHNOLOGY CORP. in the English language.
- Article 2 : The Company's business is as follows:
 - 1. C801010 Basic chemical industry
 - 2. C801020 Petrochemical raw material manufacturing
 - 3. C801030 Precision Chemical Materials Manufacturing
 - 4. C805050 Industrial Plastic Product Manufacturing
 - 5. CA02010 Metal structure and building module manufacturing
 - 6. CA02050 Valve manufacturing
 - 7. CA02090 Metal wire product manufacturing
 - 8. CA02990 Other metal products manufacturing
 - 9. CB01010 Machinery and equipment manufacturing
 - 10. CB01030 Pollution prevention equipment manufacturing industry
 - 11. CB01990 Other machinery manufacturing
 - 12. CC01010 Power generation, transmission, and distribution machinery manufacturing
 - 13. CC01080 Electronic component manufacturing
 - 14. CC01990 Other electrical and electronic machinery and equipment manufacturing
 - 15. CE01010 General instrument manufacturing
 - 16 E103101 Environmental Protection Engineering Professional Construction Industry
 - 17. E502010 Fuel pipe installation engineering
 - 18. E599010 Plumbing industry
 - 19 E601010 Electrical appliance industry
 - 20. E601020 Electrical installation industry
 - 21. E603010 Cable installation engineering
 - 22. E603020 Elevator installation engineering
 - 23. E603040 Fire safety equipment installation engineering
 - 24. E603050 Automatic Control Equipment Engineering
 - 25. E603080 Traffic Signal Installation Engineering
 - 26. E603090 Lighting installation engineering
 - 27. E603100 Welding Engineering

- 28. E604010 Mechanical installation industry
- 29. E605010 Computer equipment installation industry
- 30. E801010 Interior decoration industry
- 31. E801020 Door and window installation engineering
- 32. E801030 Indoor light steel frame engineering
- 33. E903010 Anti-corrosion, anti-rust engineering industry
- 34. EZ02010 Lifting Engineering
- 35. EZ05010 Instrument and instrument installation engineering
- 36. EZ06010 Traffic Marking Engineering
- 37. EZ07010 Drilling Engineering
- 38. EZ09010 Electrostatic Protection and Elimination Engineering
- 39. EZ15010 Insulation, cold insulation installation engineering
- 40. EZ99990 Other engineering industry
- 41. F107200 Chemical raw materials wholesale
- 42. F107990 Other chemical wholesales
- 43. F113010 Machinery Wholesale
- 44. F113020 Electric appliance wholesale
- 45. F113030 Precision Instrument Wholesale
- 46. F113050 Computer and transactional machinery and equipment wholesale
- 47. F118010 Information software wholesale
- 48. F119010 Electronic materials wholesale
- 49. F207200 Chemical raw materials retail
- 50. F207990 Other chemicals retail
- 51. F213030 Computer and transactional equipment retail
- 52. F213040 Precision Instrument Retail
- 53. F213990 Other machinery and equipment retail
- 54. F218010 Information Software Retail
- 55. F219010 Electronic materials retail
- 56. F401010 International trade
- 57. G801010 Storage industry
- 58. H701050 Invest in public construction
- 59. I103060 Management Consultancy
- 60. I301010 Information Software Services
- 61. IF01010 Fire safety equipment maintenance industry
- 62. IG03010 Energy Technology Services
- 63. IZ06010 Tally packaging industry
- 64. IZ12010 Manpower dispatch
- 65. J101030 Waste removal industry

- 66. J101040 Waste treatment industry
- 67. J101050 Environmental Testing Services
- 68. J101060 Waste (sewage) water treatment industry
- 69. J101070 Radioactive Waste Treatment Services
- 70. JA02010 Electrical and electronic products repair industry
- 71. JE01010 Leasing industry
- 72. ZZ999999 In addition to the licensing business, businesses that are not prohibited or restricted by business regulations
- Article 3 : The Company is headquartered in Hsinchu County, Taiwan Province. If necessary, it can set up branches or subsidiaries at home and abroad through the resolution of the Board of Directors.
- Article 4 : When the Company becomes a shareholder of limited liability of another company, the total amount of the Company's investment will not be subject to the restriction of not more than 40% of the Company's paid-in capital as provided in Article 13 of the Company Act. The board of directors is authorized to make such investment.
- Article 5: The Company's announcement method is governed by the Company Act and other related laws and regulations.
- Article 6: The Company may provide endorsement and guarantee and act as a guarantor.

Chapter 2 Shares

- Article 7: The company's capital is generally rated at NT\$500 million and is divided into100 million shares, NT\$5 per share, issued in multiple installments, and unissued shares are subject to actual resolution by the Board of Directors. The amount of NT\$ 10 million was reserved for the use of the employee's share certificate in the total capital of the preceding paragraph. It was divided into 2 million shares and NT\$5 per share. It may be issued in multiples according to the resolution of the Board of Directors.
- Article 7-1 : Treasury stocks bought back by the company in accordance with the Company Act, new shares issued by the company, employee stock warrants or the restricted employee shares can be granted to employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company as well whoever meets criteria developed by the Company. The Board shall be authorized to resolve on the requirements, distribution and purchase methods.
- Article 8 : The company's shares are registered by the director's signature and are issued after being legally granted a visa. The Company may acquire the non-printed stocks and shall contact the centralized securities depository institution to log in; the issuance of other securities shall be the same.
- Article 9: The Company's shareholding operations are handled in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and the regulations of the competent authority.

Chapter 3 Shareholders' Association

- Article 10: The Shareholders' meeting is divided into general meeting and temporary meeting. The general meeting is held once a year and is held within six months after the end of each fiscal year. The temporary meeting is held according to law when necessary. The convening regulations are handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. The Shareholders' meeting may be held by video conference or other methods announced by the competent authority.
- Article 11: In case a shareholder is unable to attend a shareholders' meeting, he or she may appoint a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting in his/her/its behalf by executing a power of attorney printed by the company stating therein the scope of power authorized to the proxy. The written proxy to the company no later than 5 days prior to the meeting date of the shareholders' meeting.

When the Company holds a Shareholders' meeting, it shall exercise its voting rights in writing or electronically. Shareholders who vote by electronic means shall be deemed to be present in person. According to the regulations of the Act.

- Article 12 : The Company shareholders have one vote per share, but none of the parties to the provisions of Article 179 of the Company Act have the right to vote.
- Article 13 : Resolutions of Shareholders' meeting, unless otherwise provided by the Act, shall be attended by shareholders representing more than half of the total number of issued shares, subject to the consent of a majority of shareholder's voting rights.
- Article 13-1: Resolutions of Shareholders' meeting shall be made as Minutes of Meeting, signed or sealed by Chairman and distributed to Minutes of Meeting within 20 days after the meeting. The minutes' production can be made electronically and distributed by the announcement. They shall be kept forever during the existence of the company.
- Article 13-2: When the company wishes to cancel the public offering of shares, it must have obtained approval from the Board of Directors, and shareholder's attendance on behalf of the holders of shareholder's voting rights by attending Shareholders' meeting on behalf of more than two-thirds of the total number of issued shares. If the total number of shares attending the shareholder is less than the above-mentioned quota, the majority of shareholders who have represented the total number of issued shares can attend the meeting and agree to share more than two-thirds of the voting rights of the shareholder. During the period of development and listing (cabinet), this clause does not change.

Chapter 4 Directors and audit committee

Article 14 : The Company shall have 5 to 9 directors. The term of office of directors is three years after which they will be eligible for re-election and re-appointment. The election of the directors

shall nominate a nominee system for election, which shall be selected by Shareholders' meeting on the list of candidates. When the term of director expires but not re-election, he will extend his executive duties until the reappointment of directors to take office, and the proportion of shares held by all directors will be handled according to the regulations of the securities regulatory authority.

In the case that vacancies on the Board of Directors exceed one third of the total number of the Directors, then the Board of Directors shall convene a shareholders' meeting to elect new Directors to fill such vacancies in accordance with relevant laws, rules and regulations. Except for the election of new Directors across the board, the new Directors shall serve the remaining term of the predecessors.

The nomination, selection method and related treatment of the Company directors shall be handled in accordance with the Company's "Directors Election Procedures" and related regulations.

In the Company directors quota, the number of independent directors must not be less than three and not less than one third of directors' seats. Independent director adopts the nomination system for candidates, which is selected by shareholders on the list of independent directors candidates. The professional qualifications of the independent director, shareholding, part-time restrictions, nomination and selection methods, and other matters to be followed are handled in accordance with the relevant regulations of the competent authority.

- Article 14-1: The Company has been authorized by the Board of Directors for the purchase of liability insurance, the amount of insurance and the insurance coverage of the director's liability for the scope of its business operations within the director's term of office.
- Article 14-2: The Company establishes an audit committee in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and consists of all independent directors. Regarding the number of audit committees, terms of office, powers, Procedures, and other matters, according to the relevant provisions of the "Public Issuing Company Audit Committee to exercise powers," the provisions of the audit committee organizational rules set.
- Article 14-3: The Company's Board of Directors has a payroll commission or other functional committee due to business operations.
- Article 14-4: The Company Board of Directors should be held at least quarterly. The convocation of the Board of Directors shall set forth the reasons for notifying the directors seven days before, but may be called upon at any time in the event of an emergency. The Company Board of Directors is called up in writing, fax or e-mail.

When directors cannot attend the Board of Directors for any reason, they shall draw a power of attorney, and shall appoint the scope of authorization for the cause of the commission to appoint other directors to attend.

The above agent is subject to the entrustment of one person.

When the Board of Directors was convened, the videoconferencing meeting was made available to them. Directors participating in the videoconferencing were regarded as attending in person.

The resolution of the Board of Directors, with the exception of the Company Act, the Mergers and Acquisitions Act or other laws and regulations, takes the majority of directors' presence and consents to the majority of directors present.

- Article 15: The Board of Directors is organized by directors, the board of directors shall elect a chairman of the board directors from among the directors by a majority vote at a meeting attended by over two-thirds of the directors, and may also elect in the same manner a vice chairman of the board. The chairman of the board of directors shall represent the Company in external matters.
- Article 16: The Board of Directors, except as otherwise required by the Company Act, is called by the directors. When a director takes leave or fails to exercise his authority for any reason, his agent shall handle it according to Article 208 of the Company Act.
- Article 16-1: The remuneration of all directors, the company has to pay remuneration, and its remuneration authorizes Board of Directors to refer to the recommendations of the Compensation Committee and to the value of its participation in, and contribution to, the company's operations, and to reference the usual levels of the industry.

Chapter 5 Managers and staff

- Article 17: The Company can be established as a manager. Its appointment, dismissal and remuneration are governed by Article 9 of the Company Act.
- Article 18: The Company has been resolved by the Board of Directors to hire consultants or key staff.

Chapter 6 Accounting

- Article 19: After the end of each fiscal year, the following reports shall be prepared by the Board of Directors, and be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for acceptance. (I) Business Report; (II) Financial Statements; (III) Proposals of profit distribution or losses.
- Article 19-1: If the company is profitable for the year, it should retain the amount of accumulated losses before tax. The net profit before tax of not including dispatched employees' and directors' remuneration shall be no less than 3% for employee remuneration, and then set not more than five percent for directors.

Employee and directors remuneration are resolved by a majority vote at a Board of Directors meeting attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting. Employee remuneration shall be distributed in stocks or in cash. The payment shall apply to employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company as well whoever meets criteria developed by the Board of Directors.

Article 20: The Company may distribute earnings or make up for losses after the end of each semiannual fiscal period. If there is any surplus at the end of each semi-annual fiscal period, the Company shall first estimate and retain the taxable contributions, make up for losses, estimate and retain compensation to employees and directors, and set aside the legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's total capital, and set aside or reverse the special reserve as required by law or regulations prescribed by the competent authority.If there is any surplus, the remaining balance shall be added to the accumulated undistributed earnings of the previous semi-accounting year, which shall be resolved by the shareholders' meeting if the earnings are to be distributed by issuing new shares. Which shall be resolved by the board of directors if the earnings are to be distributed in cash.

When allocating the net profits for each fiscal year, the Company shall first offset its accumulated losses and set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals the total paid-in capital of the Company; then set aside special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations. If there is any unappropriated earnings from prior years, the Board of Directors shall prepare a proposal for the distribution of earnings, which shall be resolved by the shareholders' meeting if the distribution is to be made by issuing new shares.

The Company policy of dividend distribution shall be based on the company's current and future investment environment, capital needs, financial structure, surplus situation, and balance of dividends. The amount of dividends distributed to shareholders shall be no less than 10% of distributable earnings for the year. Dividends to shareholders of the company shall be distributed in the form of cash or shares, provided that the proportion of cash dividends distributed shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends. However, due to the company's significant investment plan and the inability to obtain other funds, the board of directors proposed and the shareholders' meeting decided not to issue cash dividends.

Article 20-1: The company may authorize the distributable dividends and bonuses, capital surplus reserve and the legal surplus reserve in part or in whole, to be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the latest shareholders' meeting without applying the resolution of the shareholders' meeting under the preceding article.

Chapter 7 Annex

Article 21: All matters not specified in this charter are subject to the provisions of the Company Act.

Article 22: This Articles of Association was concluded on May 27, 1997 The first revision was made on June 28, 2000 The second revision was made on July 27, 2000 The third revision was made on December 10, 2000 The fourth revision was made on June 28, 2002 The fifth revision was made on December 10, 2002 The sixth revision was made on March 8, 2004 The seventh revision was made on June 28, 2004 The eighth revision was made on June 27, 2005. The ninth revision was made on June 30, 2006 The tenth revision was made on June 1st, 2007 The eleventh revision was made on June 9, 2008 The twelfth revision was made on March 2, 2009 The thirteenth revision was made on August 12th, 2010 The fourteenth revision was made on October 7th, 2011 The fifteenth revision was made on February 26, 2013 The sixteenth revision was made on June 30, 2014 The seventeenth revision was made on August 21, 2014 The eighteenth revision was made on May 27, 2015. The nineteenth revision was made on May 30, 2016 The twentieth revision was made on December 5, 2016 The twenty-first revision was made on May 22, 2017. The twenty-second revision was made on May 24, 2019. The twenty-third revision was made on May 21, 2020. The twenty-fourth revision was made on July 22, 2021. The twenty-fifth revision was made on May 24, 2022.

NOVA TECHNOLOGY CORP.

Chairman : Chin-Li Liang